

ATTACHMENT 5.

T6. COURSE SPECIFICATIONS (CS)

Eng. 466

Major Non-Fictional Texts



Course Specifications

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Allocation of percentages is not feasible as student proficiency levels in terms of language; IT skills and basic knowledge vary significantly. Each student is a "special case" and requires difference

concentrations of modes of instruction. Again, as in the comment, definitions would be useful here.

B. Objectives

1. What is the main purpose for this course?

Students will be able to:

- 1. Identify and define the various sub-genres of non-fiction.
- 2. Outline the major conventions and characteristics of non-fiction especially with special attention to key features of autobiographical and travel writing
- 3. Analyze non-fictional autobiographical and travel writing texts employing key critical terms noting the differences with literary texts.
- 4. Write a 2000-3000 word academic essay.
- 2. Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field)
- 1. The following series of orientation workshops are essential for BOTH faculty and students¹:

Faculty: assessment and teaching methods applied in literature courses

Students:

Suggested workshops:

- a) Basic skills with word processing software.
- b) Plagiarism
- c) Library research
- d) Virtual classes
- e) Critical and Investigative Thinking Skills
- f) Comprehensive Reading of Literary Texts
- g) Scholarly Sources: When and How to use them
- 2. End of term faculty meetings /workshops/discussions to assess efficacy of modes of instruction; material given; grading rubric; problems that need to be addressed
- 3. Annually confirm availability of resources. The library must coordinate with department and Quality to confirm it is equipped with references and required material (see below)
- 4. Provide support throughout the term from CWE (if available) and focused skills developments session to be offered by the relevant entities.
- 5. All instructors should have a clearly written assignment guide for all assignments in the course. Work on a combined unified assignment guide for literature courses, or at least a unified standard.

¹ Workshops to be given by: the Centre for Writing in English (CWE) if available; Quality; Academic Improvement; Student Support Center if available; Library.



C. Course Description (Note: General description in the form to be used for the Bulletin or handbook should be attached)

Course Description:

This course introduces literary non-fiction and its various sub-genres especially autobiography and travel writing (in Arabia). The course introduces a number of key critical terms and strategies that will be employed in reading and analyzing the selected texts. Throughout the course, students will be engaged in in-depth reading of several major non-fictional texts while situating them in their particulate historical-cultural contexts

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1. Topics to be Covered		
List of Topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours
Introduction: Major terms and conventions of the genre	1	3
Excerpt from Reading Autobiography and Blanton's Travel Writing.		
Major terms and conventions of the genre	1	3
Excerpt from Reading Autobiography and Blanton's Travel Writing.		
Autobiographical writing: Selected material from the anthology	5	15
Travel writing: Selections from the anthology	5	15
Class project: Select and analyze a particular text (autobiography/travel account) that relates to the Arab/Islamic world	2	6

2. Course components (total contact hours and credits per semester): LibraryLaboratory Tutorial Practical Other: Total Lecture None 45 Contact 42hours None None None Hours Planned hours Actual Credit Planned 3 hours 3 hours Actual



3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.

6 Hours

4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy

On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.

First, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. (Courses are not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.)

	NQF Learning Domains And Course Learning Outcomes	Course Teaching Strategies	Course Assessment Methods
1.0	Knowledge Students should be able to:		
1.1	Recognize the conventions and strategies of non-fiction especially autobiography and travel writing; the non-fiction and differentiate it from other forms of writing; the terminology of non-fiction and implement new related terms into papers/presentations	1. Read introductions in Anthologies, Encyclopaedia articles, or any other general reference). Apply academic reading strategies, such as the SQ3r method 2. Teach students to identify key points by requiring summaries of read material. 3. Give one or two critical essays to: familiarise students with critical debates; and to compare such perspectives with their own.	1. Write outlines with key points. 2. Develop and expand outlines so that they form complete summaries introductory material. 3. Read scholarly criticism (2 articles max.) and outline the argument structure. This means creating an outline of the argument made.
1.2	Recognize primary texts: either extracts from anthologies or whole world; the main points described in each text; non-fiction and what makes it different from previous forms of	1. Test for objective knowledge; basic information about the material (key events or people)	1. Objective quizzes throughout on assigned reading. 2. Write and submit reading logs regularly. Course instructor has the



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	writing	2. Develop personal engagement with texts. 3. This engagement should be cultivated and transformed into academic knowledge. 4. Write about primary texts through; analysis; summaries; essays; terms paper	choice to correct each long or to give marks on submission only. It is recommended that student should read his/her log aloud to the whole class for discussion, at least once a term. 3. In class discussion of reading logs should be commented on by the instructor, who must ensure that non-academic vocabulary be replaced with academic terminology. (instructors should make sure they have a glossary of terms ready). 4. Each assignment will be graded using agreed upon rubrics. ²
1.3	Write a personal perspective regarding non-fiction texts	Combine background knowledge, analysis of primary texts and write an academic essay	Write and discuss reading log. Write an academic essay.
2.0	Cognitive Skills Students should be able to:	1	
2.1	Develop critical thinking: Examine subjective stance and personal reading processes	Assign reading of specific primary works and ask students to write reading logs. It should be made clear to them that these logs are the basis for their future analysis in the term paper.	In-class discussions of reading logs. During these reading out loud inclass activities instructors should direct students towards replacing their everyday terminology with critical academic
2.2	Judge and justify personal perspectives using critical approaches and relevant academic sources		terminology. Reading Log requirements and format will be handed out to students.

² See appendices.



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2.3	Develop critical thinking: Understand contexts Analyze non-fiction basing said analysis on the related context of each text	1. Read and summarize introductions and background material of autobiographies and travel memoirs. 2. Analyze perspective in relation to historical context structure or the logical sequence of information presentation in the background handouts.	Write summaries of material in which they focus on key issues.
2.5	Develop critical thinking: Developing an academic perspective by: analyzing texts and comparing this analysis with other readings of the same primary texts.	Analyze by writing short analytical essays on the primary texts. These should be developed from reading logs. Read 2 scholarly articles on the primary texts (novels)	1. Write analytical essays on primary texts. Essays should be focused on the ordering of the sequence of argument and/or exposition. The instructor should also focus on the use of academic
2.6	Compare and contrast different types of non-fiction, or compare and contrast between non-fiction and fiction		terminology. 2. Summarize and design argument outlines of the scholarly articles.
2.7	Express critical thinking: Write an academic term paper	Work from an outline, which should be expanded to form the body of the paper.	Write an academic term paper
2.8	Summarize a chosen non-fiction text and analyze it with in its context Develop a personal stance backed by critical techniques and academic sources	Suggestions on how to implement the strategy: Make sure there is a viable central idea. Work on developing argument and not structure.	
2.9	Compare two non-fiction texts based on their literary value or contextual backgrounds	Develop essay outline so that every heading is a full sentence and represents a topic or a case to be proven. (students should be	
2.10	Criticize the works of non-fiction based on a critical criteria of judgment using academic sources	taught that the outline must be expanded to eventually become the essay and word processing skills are essential for this). Work on expanding the outline so that each topic has subtopics that	
		are arguments or main points. These must be articulated as full sentences.	



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		Combine all these to form paragraphs and write introduction and conclusion.		
		Stress the ability to support every point of view with evidence from the text and through argumentation		
		Avoiding unnecessary emotive and evaluative statements		
		Avoiding generalisations, insupportable claims and STATING THE OBVIOUS		
		Being aware of the time frames. Keep dates clear.		
		Develop consistent arguments and avoid contradictions. Be aware of one's own sociocultural formation		
3.0	Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility Students should be able to:	,		
3.1	Demonstrate leadership role	Assigning reading assignments to students prior to lectures. Individual counselling on areas of concern to the students. In-class participation where much of the most effective learning comes from students explaining, discussing and defending their ideas.	1. Active class participation reflects the student's willingness to learn with a positive attitude towards the course. 2. Performance on midterm, term papers, and final exam are evidence of the student's ability to recollect and synthesize information.	
3.2	Demonstrate a sense of accountability	 To instil a sense of responsibility for one's learning. To have clear deadlines for submissions, exam dates and other important rules to be 	Enforcing deadlines and rules mentioned in the syllabus.	



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		written in the course syllabus, which is given to students at	
3.3	Evaluate one's own work	the beginning of each term. Either one on one sessions or class	"reflect on one's work" session AFTER term paper or midterm submission
4.0	Communication, Information Techn	ology, Numerical	
4.1	Develop writing and verbal skills for communication	This should be encouraged by the instructors in using any means of communication in class or outside class.	Class presentations Group work Journals
4.2	Search using the digital library database.	Compilation of relevant bibliography	1. Use digital library database to compile a bibliography of the latest and/or most relevant scholarly articles dealing with the topic. 2. Correct referencing format and use of sources will be tested.
4.3	Operate the internet to download information and make use of useful web links.	Students will be encouraged to make extensive use of material on the web and the digital library.	1.Demand the use of references in both group presentations and the research paper 2. Students will be graded on their use of online scholarly material on their research papers
4.4	Operate the internet to communicate with the faculty or teaching staff	The use of LMS and email.	The use of a professional email address and language
5.0	Psychomotor		,
5.1	N/A	N/A	N/A



5.	5. Schedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester					
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination, speech, oral presentation, etc.)	Week Due	Proportion of Total			
			Assessment			
1	Midterm	7	15% OR 10%			
2	Reading logs	Throughout	3%			
			100/			
3	Essays/Summaries/Analysis/	Throughout	10%			
4	Research and bibliography	Throughout	2%			
5	Quizzes	Throughout	5%			
6	Term paper	Week 13	25% OR 30%			
7	Final	End of term	40%			

D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)

6 hours per week; email

E. Learning Resources

1. List Required Textbooks

Taylor, Y., and C. Johnson. I Was Born a Slave: An Anthology of Classic Slave Narratives.

Chicago Review Press, Incorporated, 1999. Print.

Bohls, E.A., and I. Duncan. *Travel Writing 1700-1830: An Anthology*. Oxford University Press, UK, 2005. Print.

Travellers in Arabia

Canton, James. From Cairo to Baghdad: British Travellers in Arabia. London, GBR: I.B. Tauris, 2011. ProQuest ebrary. Web. 26 April 2015.

2. List Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)

Sidonie Smith and Julia Watson, *Reading Autobiography: A Guide for Interpreting Life Narratives* (U of Minnesota P, 2nd Edition, 2010)

Lopate, P., and T.W. Collaborative. *The Art of the Personal Essay: An Anthology from the Classical Era to the Present*. Anchor Books, Doubleday, 1995. Print.

Blanton, C. Travel Writing. Taylor & Francis, 2012. Print.

Hulme, P., and T. Youngs. *The Cambridge Companion to Travel Writing*. Cambridge University Press, 2002. Print.

Bohls, E.A., and I. Duncan. *Travel Writing 1700-1830: An Anthology*. Oxford University Press, UK, 2005. Print.

Champion, L., and E.S. Nelson. American Women Writers, 1900-1945: A Bio-Bibliographical



Critical Sourcebook. Greenwood Press, 2000. Print.

3. List Electronic Materials (eg. Web Sites, Social Media, Blackboard, etc.)

http://www.webenglishteacher.com/biography.html

http://www.biographyshelf.com/

4. Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards/regulations

F. Facilities Required

Indicate requirements for the course including size of classrooms and laboratories (i.e. number of seats in classrooms and laboratories, extent of computer access etc.)

1. Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.)

Classrooms that hold no more than 25 students

2. Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.)

Computer labs

E-podiums with interactive boards and projectors

3. Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach list)

None

G Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

- 1 Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching
- 1. Midterm evaluation feed-back form to increase instructor's awareness of the weak and strong points of the class (administered by the instructor)
- 2. End of term college evaluation of course by students (to be collected by the department)
- 3. End-of-term debriefing in class of students and teacher regarding what went well and what could have gone better
- 4. Small group instructional diagnosis (SGID) whereby instructors exchange classes and gather information from one another on specific points outlined by the department and the instructor being evaluated
- 2 Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Program/Department Instructor
- 1. Peer evaluation to asses ability of faculty members to work with their colleagues
- 2. Class observations by supervisors
- 3 Processes for Improvement of Teaching
- 1. Training sessions
- 2. Workshops to facilitate the exchange of experiences amongst faculty members
- 3. Regular meetings where problems are discussed and solutions given
- 4. Discussion of challenges in the classroom with colleagues and supervisors
- 5. Encouragement of faculty members to attend professional development conferences.



Education Evaluation Commission

- 6. Keep up to date with pedagogical theory and practice
- 7. Set goals for achieving excellence in teaching at the beginning of each new semester after reviewing last semester's teaching strategies and results
- 4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution)
- 1. Regular meetings with the coordinator and other instructors to exchange samples of exam papers to verify standards of students' achievement.
- 2. Check marking of a sample of examination papers by another faculty member.
- 3. Students who believe they are under graded can have their papers checked by a second reader
- 5. Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement.
- 1. Compare syllabi and course description with other universities (including those on the net)
- 2. Biannual meetings of faculty members to discuss improvement

3. Review curriculum periodically and suggest improvements

Signature:

Faculty or Teaching Staff: _____Dr. Haifa Alfaisal ______

Signature: ______ Date Report Completed: ______

Received by: _____ Dean/Department Head

Date: _____

Appendix

Suggested Grading rubrics:



Exam rubric

	Skill	Percentage	Marks	Deducted
Language 40 %			/10	
	Grammar+vocabulary	30%	3	
	Spelling+semantics	10%	1	
	Essay structure	10%	1	
	Topics covered	32%	3.2	
	Relevant use of examples	5%	0.5	
Content 60%	Command of material and	8%	0.8	
	clarity			
	Argumentation and critical	5%	0.5	
	thinking			

Assignment rubric

Language 40 %	Skill	Percentage	Marks (20 total)
	Grammar	35%	
	Spelling and semantics	5%	
Content 60%	Essay structure	10%	
	Topics covered	30%	
	Relevant use of examples	5%	
	Command of material	5%	
	Argumentation and critical thinking	7%	
	Essay format (correct referencing) ³	3%	

Suggested Evaluation Rubric for Oral Academic Presentation

³ Bin Alameer suggested: Since referencing and using critical sources are a requirement. A grading criteria for that must be added:

^{1.} The proper use of critical material

^{2.} Relevancy of critical sources

^{3.} Analysis of the critical sources



Content:

Topic and brief summary are introduced clearly	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Evaluative comments showing strong understanding of the topic	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Critical and comparative analysis of topic with class discussions	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Information is presented in a logical and interesting sequence which audience can follow. Flows well.	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent

Format:

Transition between ideas were clear	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Made appropriate and accurate use of grammar, vocabulary and discourse structures	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent

Delivery:

Contains basic	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
information of student		/			
and topic	لىم	م التع	هىئة تقور		
	Educa	ation Evalu	ation Commission		
Brief summary of	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
voice (volume,	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
pitch, rate) effectively Evaluation of topic	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Maintained eye contact with audience	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Gestures and facial expressions were appropriate	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent
Visuals were used effectively	Poor	Fair	Average	Strong	Excellent

Handouts:



Oral presentation Requirements

- 1. Each student will select a subject from the topics listed in the syllabus.
- 2. The student will prepare a one or two-page handout that should include:
 - a. Student's name SEP
 - b. Title and author of selection sep
 - c. The setting (time and place) SEP
 - d. Main characters' names and a short description
 - f. A brief summary of the story [SEP]
 - g. An evaluation (should be longer than summary)
 - 1) How the selection fits into the period we are studying
 - 2) A brief critique of the selection
 - a) what you liked or didn't like and why
 - b) what was done well or done poorly
 - c) what could be improved and how it compares with other works and ideas we have discussed
- 3. Handout should be typed. Information may be in outline form, list form, or in paragraph form.
- 4. The oral report should not be more than 5 minutes. You should provide a **brief** summary and then give evaluative comments--what you liked or did not like about the work in question and why. Compare it to the works and ideas we have discussed in class. Do not merely read your written handout.
- 5. Oral reports will be graded on how interestingly they are presented and on how informative the handout is. Late reports due to absence or lack of preparation will not be accepted.



Reading logs

A reading log is a summary and/or response to assigned reading material. To make a C, you must type at least 200 words(about a 1/2 page) for each log. To make an A or B, the log must be at least 300 words. Logs that are mere summaries will not receive any higher grade than a B. To make an A, you should also write about how the reading compares with other selections, give examples of how the reading relates to your own experiences, or some of the suggestions below. Each log should be typed and dated and should include at least one direct quotation from the reading. The reading log is 10% of your final average. First reading logs will be read in class or reviewed by the professor to ensure the quality of reading.

Suggestions for what to write about: [SEP]

- 1. I. Make sure you always try to understand what is happening and write it down. At the end of the log, write down ideas or feelings you've had while reading.
- 2. Note any questions you may have about the material you are reading
- 3. Keep a list of characters and key information about each. Pick one or more of the characters you found most interesting and explain why. Try to think of why the author presented them in this way.
- 4. Note the imagery used and try to guess why the author used this imagery
- 5. Discuss the author's word choice. Select a passage you liked or were interested in. Underline several words in it. Think of other words the writer could have chosen. Then, try to give the reasons the author chose to use those particular words.
- 6. Discuss the theme of the material. What is the author really trying to say?
- 7. Write about anything that interested or moved you.
- 8. Copy lines you liked and tell why you liked them.
- 9. Write about something that either raises a question or provokes a response in your classmates (that is, say something that you think most people would disagree with).



- 10. Write exactly what you thought and felt as you were reading.
- 11. Do you like this material? Why or why not?
- 12. Do you feel there is an opinion expressed by the author through this work? What is it? How do you know this? Do you agree? Why or who not?⁴

⁴ Portions of the above are adapted from http://faculty.jscc.edu/british-lit-1-reading-responses.html